### PAGANELLI LAW GROUP

ATTORNEYS AT LAW

Two Meridian Plaza 10401 N. Meridian Street, Suite 450 Indianapolis, Indiana 46290 Voice: 317.550.1855 Fax: 317.569.6016 www.paganelligroup.com

March 3, 2020

Indiana State Fire Marshal 302 W. Washington Street, \$241 Indianapolis, IN 46204

Re: Rose v. Ayres, et al

Case 2:18-cv-00197-JTM-JEM Subpoena to Produce Documents

To Whom It May Concern -

I am counsel to Defendant Joshua Ayres in the above-referenced lawsuit. The lawsuit arises from a fire that occurred on November 21, 2016 at 103 E. Columbia Street, Flora, IN. Birch Tree Holdings, LLC, and Troy Helderman are also named as defendants in the lawsuit.

On August 23, 2018, Jim Shea – who was at the time counsel for Joshua Ayres and Birch Tree Holdings, and who remains counsel for Birch Tree Holdings – served the enclosed Subpoena to Produce Documents on the Indiana State Fire Marshal. I am under the impression that the Indiana State Fire Marshal either did not respond to the Subpoena to Produce Documents or declined to produce any documents. In either case, the Subpoena was properly served and seeks discoverable documents, and the Indiana State Fire Marshal must respond accordingly. Please produce all responsive documents by March 17, 2020. We prefer not to involve the Court in obtaining your response.

Sincerely,

Ian P. Goodman

CC (by email): Jim Shea

Jeremy Lemon Galen Bradley

# UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT NORTHERN DISTRICT OF INDIANA HAMMOND DIVISION

GAYLIN ROSE,	)	
Plaintiff,	)	
vs.	)	CASE NO. 2:18-cv-00197-JTM-JEM
BIRCH TREE HOLDINGS, LLC and JOSHUA AYRES,	)	
Defendants.	)	

## REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION OF DOCUMENTS TO NON-PARTY

Jim Greeson, Fire Marshal Indiana State Fire Marshal's Office 302 W. Washington Street #241 Indianapolis, IN 46204

You are hereby requested to produce for inspection and copying the materials described herein pursuant to the attached Subpoena Duces Tecum:

Any and all investigative materials pertaining to a fire that occurred on November 21, 2016, at or near the premises/home located at 103 E. Columbia Street, Flora, IN 46929, which home was being occupied by Gaylin Rose and her four children, including, but not limited to, office and field notes, police reports, witness statements, photographs, all tapes and recordings, drawings, any and all expert reports and files and notes contained within your file and any other documentation related to said fire loss.

You are further notified that you are entitled to security against damages or payment of damages resulting from this request, and you may respond to such request by submitting to its terms, by proposing different terms, or by objecting specifically or generally to the request by serving a written response to the undersigned within thirty (30) days, or by moving to quash as permitted by Federal Rules of Civil Procedure.

Respectfully submitted,

### HUNT SUEDHOFF KALAMAROS LLP

/s/ James J. Shea, Sr.

James J. Shea, Sr., Atty. No. 2177-02 Scott L. Bunnell, Atty. No. 4092-98 Jeremy D. Lemon, Atty. No. 30731-45 803 South Calhoun Street, Suite 900

Fort Wayne, Indiana 46802 Telephone: 260/423-1311

Facsimile: 260/424-5396 Email: jshea@hsk-law.com

### **CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE**

I hereby certify that on the 23<sup>rd</sup> day of August, 2018, I served the foregoing document on the following counsel of record:

Nathanial Lee, Esq. Faith E. Alvarez, Esq. **LEE COSSELL CROWLEY, LLP** 151 North Delaware Street – Suite 1500 Indianapolis, IN 46204

/s/ James J. Shea, Sr.
James J. Shea, Sr.

AO 88B (Rev. 06/09) Subpoena to Produce Documents, Information, or Objects or to Permit Inspection of Premises in a Civil Action

# UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT

NORTHERN DISTRICT OF **INDIANA** 

GAYLIN ROSE Plaintiff	) Case No. 2:18-cv-00197-JTM-JEM			
VS.	) ) )			
BIRCH TREE HOLDINGS, LLC and JOSHUA AYRES  Defendants	) ) )			
SUBPOENA TO PRODUCE DOCUMENTS, INFORMATION, OR OBJECTS OR TO PERMIT INSPECTION OF PREMISES IN A CIVIL ACTION				
<ul> <li>Fo: Jim Greeson, Fire Marshal Indiana State Fire Marshal's Office 302 W. Washington Street #241 Indianapolis, IN 46204</li> <li>➤ Production: YOU ARE COMMANDED to product documents, electronically stored information, or objects,</li> </ul>	ce at the time, date, and place set forth below the following and permit their inspection, copying, testing, or sampling of the			
material: All documents outlined in the attached Request For				
Place: Hunt Suedhoff Kalamaros, LLP Attention: James J. Shea, Sr. 803 S. Calhoun Street, Suite 900 Fort Wayne, IN 46802	On or before: September 26, 2018			
Inspection of Premises: YOU ARE COMMAND property possessed or controlled by you at the time, date inspect, measure, survey, photograph, test, or sample the	<b>DED</b> to permit entry onto the designated premises, land, or other e, and location set forth below, so that the requesting party may property or any designated object or operation on it.			
Place:	Date and Time:			
The provisions of Fed. R. Civ. P. 45(c), relating to your protect 45 (d) and (e), relating to your duty to respond to this subpoet	tion as a person subject to a subpoena, and Rule na and the potential consequences of not doing so, are attached.			

The name, address, e-mail, and telephone number of the attorney representing Defendants:

James J. Shea, Sr., 803 S. Calhoun Street, Suite 900, Fort Wayne, IN 46802, jshea@hsk-law.com,

/s/ James J. Shea, Sr.

Attorney's signature James J. Shea, Sr.

260-423-1311

Date: 8-23-18

To:

Civil Action No. 2:18-cv-00197-JTM-JEM

### PROOF OF SERVICE

DATE SERVED:

PLACE:

August 23, 2018

Jim Greeson, Fire Marshal

Indiana State Fire Marshal's Office 302 W. Washington Street #241

Indianapolis, IN 46204

Nathanial Lee, Esq. Faith E. Alvarez, Esq.

LEE COSSELL CROWLEY, LLP

151 North Delaware Street – Suite 1500

Indianapolis, IN 46204

**SERVED ON (Print Name):** 

MANNER OF SERVICE:

Jim Greeson – Indiana State Fire Marshall

Certified United States mail, Return Receipt Request

Nathanial Lee:

United States Mail

**SERVED BY (Print Name):** 

James J. Shea, Sr.

TITLE:

Attorney for Defendants

### **DECLARATION OF SERVER**

I declare under the penalty of perjury under the laws of the United States of America that the foregoing information contained in the Proof of Service is true and correct.

Executed on 8-23-18

/s/ James J. Shea, Sr.

Signature of Server

HUNT SUEDHOFF KALAMAROS LLP

803 S. Calhoun Street, Suite 900

Fort Wayne, IN 46802

**Address of Server** 

### Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 45 (c), (d), and (e) (Effective 12/1/07)

#### (c) Protecting a Person Subject to a Subpoena.

- (1) Avoiding Undue Burden or Expense; Sanctions. A party or attorney responsible for issuing and serving a subpoena must take reasonable steps to avoid imposing undue burden or expense on a person subject to the subpoena. The issuing court must enforce this duty and impose an appropriate sanction which may include lost earnings and reasonable attorney's fees on a party or attorney who fails to comply.
  - (2) Command to Produce Materials or Permit Inspection.
- (A) Appearance Not Required. A person commanded to produce documents, electronically stored information, or tangible things, or to permit the inspection of premises, need not appear in person at the place of production or inspection unless also commanded to appear for a deposition, hearing, or trial.
- (B) Objections. A person commanded to produce documents or tangible things or to permit inspection may serve on the party or attorney designated in the subpoena a written objection to inspecting, copying, testing or sampling any or all of the materials or to inspecting the premises or to producing electronically stored information in the form or forms requested. The objection must be served before the earlier of the time specified for compliance or 14 days after the subpoena is served. If an objection is made, the following rules apply:
- (i) At any time, on notice to the commanded person, the serving party may move the issuing court for an order compelling production or inspection.
- (ii) These acts may be required only as directed in the order, and the order must protect a person who is neither a party nor a party's officer from significant expense resulting from compliance.
- (3) Quashing or Modifying a Subpoena.
- (A) When Required. On timely motion, the issuing court must quash or modify a subpoena that:
  - (i) fails to allow a reasonable time to comply;
- (ii) requires a person who is neither a party nor a party's officer to travel more than 100 miles from where that person resides, is employed, or regularly transacts business in person except that, subject to Rule 45(c)(3)(B)(iii), the person may be commanded to attend a trial by traveling from any such place within the state where the trial is held;
- (iii) requires disclosure of privileged or other protected matter, if no exception or waiver applies; or
  - (iv) subjects a person to undue burden.
- **(B)** When Permitted. To protect a person subject to or affected by a subpoena, the issuing court may, on motion, quash or modify the subpoena if it requires:
- (i) disclosing a trade secret or other confidential research, development, or commercial information;
- (ii) disclosing an unretained expert's opinion or information that does not describe specific occurrences in dispute and results from the expert's study that was not requested by a party; or
- (iii) a person who is neither a party nor a party's officer to incur substantial expense to travel more than 100 miles to attend trial.
- (C) Specifying Conditions as an Alternative. In the circumstances described in Rule 45(c)(3)(B), the court may, instead of quashing or modifying a subpoena, order appearance or production under specified conditions if the serving party:
- (i) shows a substantial need for the testimony or material that cannot be otherwise met without undue hardship; and
- (ii) ensures that the subpoenaed person will be reasonably compensated.

- (d) Duties in Responding to a Subpoena.
- (1) *Producing Documents or Electronically Stored Information*. These procedures apply to producing documents or electronically stored information:
- (A) Documents. A person responding to a subpoena to produce documents must produce them as they are kept in the ordinary course of business or must organize and label them to correspond to the categories in the demand.
- **(B)** Form for Producing Electronically Stored Information Not Specified. If a subpoena does not specify a form for producing electronically stored information, the person responding must produce it in a form or forms in which it is ordinarily maintained or in a reasonably usable form or forms.
- (C) Electronically Stored Information Produced in Only One Form. The person responding need not produce the same electronically stored information in more than one form.
- (D) Inaccessible Electronically Stored Information. The person responding need not provide discovery of electronically stored information from sources that the person identifies as not reasonably accessible because of undue burden or cost. On motion to compel discovery or for a protective order, the person responding must show that the information is not reasonably accessible because of undue burden or cost. If that showing is made, the court may nonetheless order discovery from such sources if the requesting party shows good cause, considering the limitations of Rule 26(b)(2)(C). The court may specify conditions for the discovery.
- (2) Claiming Privilege or Protection.
- (A) Information Withheld. A person withholding subpoenaed information under a claim that it is privileged or subject to protection as trial-preparation material must:
  - (i) expressly make the claim; and
- (ii) describe the nature of the withheld documents, communications, or tangible things in a manner that, without revealing information itself privileged or protected, will enable the parties to assess the claim.
- (B) Information Produced. If information produced in response to a subpoena is subject to a claim of privilege or of protection as trial-preparation material, the person making the claim may notify any party that received the information of the claim and the basis for it. After being notified, a party must promptly return, sequester, or destroy the specified information and any copies it has; must not use or disclose the information until the claim is resolved; must take reasonable steps to retrieve the information if the party disclosed it before being notified; and may promptly present the information to the court under seal for a determination of the claim. The person who produced the information must preserve the information until the claim is resolved.
- (e) Contempt. The issuing court may hold in contempt a person who, having been served, fails without adequate excuse to obey the subpoena. A nonparty's failure to obey must be excused if the subpoena purports to require the nonparty to attend or produce at a place outside the limits of Rule 45(c)(3)(A)(ii).

### PAGANELLI LAW GROUP

ATTORNEYS AT LAW

Two Meridian Plaza 10401 N. Meridian Street, Suite 450 Indianapolis, Indiana 46290 Voice: 317.550.1855 Fax: 317.569.6016 www.paganelligroup.com

March 25, 2020

Indiana State Fire Marshal 302 W. Washington Street, \$241 Indianapolis, IN 46204

Re: Rose v. Ayres, et al

Case 2:18-cv-00197-JTM-JEM Subpoena to Produce Documents

To Whom It May Concern: -

I am counsel to Defendant Joshua Ayres in the above-referenced lawsuit. The lawsuit arises from a fire that occurred on November 21, 2016 at 103 E. Columbia Street, Flora, IN. Birch Tree Holdings, LLC, and Troy Helderman are also named as defendants in the lawsuit.

On March 3, 2020, I sent the Indiana State Fire Marshal the enclosed correspondence regarding a subpoena dated August 23, 2018 that was served on it. I explained that I was under the impression that the Indiana State Fire Marshal either did not respond to the Subpoena to Produce Documents or declined to produce any documents. I stated that, in either case, the Subpoena was properly served and seeks discoverable documents, and the Indiana State Fire Marshal must respond accordingly. I asked that the Indiana State Fire Marshal respond to the Subpoena by March 17, 2020.

As of the date of this correspondence, the Indiana State Fire Marshal has neither responded to the Subpoena nor otherwise contacted me regarding the March 3, 2020 correspondence. I again ask that the Indiana State Fire Marshal respond to the Subpoena. If no response is received by April 8, 2020, we will involve the Court in obtaining the Indiana State Fire Marshal's response.

Sincerely,

Ian P. Goodman

CC (by email): Jim Shea Jeremy Lemon

### USDC IN/ND case 2:18-cv-00197-PPS document 123-3 filed 12/10/20 page 8 of 14

## PAGANELLI LAW GROUP

ATTORNEYS AT LAW

Two Meridian Plaza 10401 N. Meridian Street, Suite 450 Indianapolis, Indiana 46290 Voice: 317.550.1855 Fax: 317.569.6016 www.paganelligroup.com

Galen Bradley

#### PAGANELLI LAW GROUP

ATTORNEYS AT LAW

Two Meridian Plaza 10401 N. Meridian Street, Suite 450 Indianapolis, Indiana 46290 Voice: 317.550.1855 Fax: 317.569.6016 www.paganelligroup.com

March 3, 2020

Indiana State Fire Marshal 302 W. Washington Street, \$241 Indianapolis, IN 46204

Re: Rose v. Ayres, et al

Case 2:18-cv-00197-JTM-JEM
Subpoena to Produce Documents

To Whom It May Concern -

I am counsel to Defendant Joshua Ayres in the above-referenced lawsuit. The lawsuit arises from a fire that occurred on November 21, 2016 at 103 E. Columbia Street, Flora, IN. Birch Tree Holdings, LLC, and Troy Helderman are also named as defendants in the lawsuit.

On August 23, 2018, Jim Shea – who was at the time counsel for Joshua Ayres and Birch Tree Holdings, and who remains counsel for Birch Tree Holdings – served the enclosed Subpoena to Produce Documents on the Indiana State Fire Marshal. I am under the impression that the Indiana State Fire Marshal either did not respond to the Subpoena to Produce Documents or declined to produce any documents. In either case, the Subpoena was properly served and seeks discoverable documents, and the Indiana State Fire Marshal must respond accordingly. Please produce all responsive documents by March 17, 2020. We prefer not to involve the Court in obtaining your response.

Sincerely,

Ian P. Goodman

CC (by email): Jim Shea

Jeremy Lemon Galen Bradley

### UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT NORTHERN DISTRICT OF INDIANA HAMMOND DIVISION

GAYLIN ROSE,	)	
Plaintiff,	)	
,,	)	00405 7775 4 40
VS.	)	CASE NO. 2:18-ev-00197-JTM-JEM
	)	
BIRCH TREE HOLDINGS, LLC	)	
and JOSHUA AYRES,	)	
70.0	)	
Defendants.	)	

### REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION OF DOCUMENTS TO NON-PARTY

Jim Greeson, Fire Marshal Indiana State Fire Marshal's Office 302 W. Washington Street #241 Indianapolis, IN 46204

You are hereby requested to produce for inspection and copying the materials described herein pursuant to the attached Subpoena Duces Tecum:

Any and all investigative materials pertaining to a fire that occurred on November 21, 2016, at or near the premises/home located at 103 E. Columbia Street, Flora, IN 46929, which home was being occupied by Gaylin Rose and her four children, including, but not limited to, office and field notes, police reports, witness statements, photographs, all tapes and recordings, drawings, any and all expert reports and files and notes contained within your file and any other documentation related to said fire loss.

You are further notified that you are entitled to security against damages or payment of damages resulting from this request, and you may respond to such request by submitting to its terms, by proposing different terms, or by objecting specifically or generally to the request by serving a written response to the undersigned within thirty (30) days, or by moving to quash as permitted by Federal Rules of Civil Procedure.

Respectfully submitted,

#### HUNT SUEDHOFF KALAMAROS LLP

/s/ James J. Shea, Sr.

James J. Shea, Sr., Atty. No. 2177-02 Scott L. Bunnell, Atty. No. 4092-98 Jeremy D. Lemon, Atty. No. 30731-45 803 South Calhoun Street, Suite 900 Fort Wayne, Indiana 46802

Telephone: 260/423-1311
Facsimile: 260/424-5396
Email: jshea@hsk-law.com

### CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I hereby certify that on the 23<sup>rd</sup> day of August, 2018, I served the foregoing document on the following counsel of record:

Nathanial Lee, Esq. Faith E. Alvarez, Esq. LEE COSSELL CROWLEY, LLP 151 North Delaware Street – Suite 1500 Indianapolis, IN 46204

> /s/ James J. Shea, Sr. James J. Shea, Sr.

To:

AO 88B (Rev. 06/09) Subpoena to Produce Documents, Information, or Objects or to Permit Inspection of Premises in a Civil Action

# UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT

NORTHERN DISTRICT OF INDIANA

GAYLIN ROSE Plaintiff	) Case No. 2:18-cv-00197-JTM-JEM )
VS.	) )
BIRCH TREE HOLDINGS, LLC and JOSHUA AYRES  Defendants	) ) )
OBJECTS OR TO	UCE DOCUMENTS, INFORMATION, OR PERMIT INSPECTION OF PREMISES N A CIVIL ACTION
To: Jim Greeson, Fire Marshal Indiana State Fire Marshal's Office 302 W. Washington Street #241 Indianapolis, IN 46204	
Production: YOU ARE COMMANDED to documents, electronically stored information, or o material: All documents outlined in the attached Reque	produce at the time, date, and place set forth below the following bjects, and permit their inspection, copying, testing, or sampling of the st For Production On Non-Party.
Place: Hunt Suedhoff Kalamaros, LLP Attention: James J. Shea, Sr. 803 S. Calhoun Street, Suite 900 Fort Wayne, IN 46802	On or before: September 26, 2018
property possessed or controlled by you at the time	AANDED to permit entry onto the designated premises, land, or other e, date, and location set forth below, so that the requesting party may ple the property or any designated object or operation on it.
Place:	Date and Time:
The provisions of Fed. R. Civ. P. 45(c), relating to your 45 (d) and (e), relating to your duty to respond to this s	protection as a person subject to a subpoena, and Rule subpoena and the potential consequences of not doing so, are attached.
	d James J. Shea, Sr.  ttorney's signature James J. Shea, Sr.
The name, address, e-mail, and telephone number of the James J. Shea, Sr., 803 S. Calhoun Street, Suit 260-423-131!	ne attorney representing <i>Defendants:</i> e 900, Fort Wayne, IN 46802, <u>jshea@hsk-law.com</u> ,

Civil Action No. 2:18-cv-00197-JTM-JEM

#### PROOF OF SERVICE

DATE SERVED:

PLACE:

August 23, 2018

Jim Greeson, Fire Marshal Indiana State Fire Marshal's Office 302 W. Washington Street #241 Indianapolis, IN 46204

Nathanial Lee, Esq. Faith E. Alvarez, Esq.

LEE COSSELL CROWLEY, LLP 151 North Delaware Street - Suite 1500

Indianapolis, IN 46204

SERVED ON (Print Name):

MANNER OF SERVICE:

Jim Greeson - Indiana State Fire Marshall

Certified United States mail, Return Receipt Request

Nathanial Lee:

United States Mail

SERVED BY (Print Name):

TITLE:

James J. Shea, Sr.

Attorney for Defendants

#### **DECLARATION OF SERVER**

I declare under the penalty of perjury under the laws of the United States of America that the foregoing information contained in the Proof of Service is true and correct.

Executed on 8-23-18

/s/ James J. Shea, Sr.

Signature of Server

**HUNT SUEDHOFF KALAMAROS LLP** 

803 S. Calhoun Street, Suite 900

Fort Wayne, IN 46802

Address of Server

### Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 45 (c), (d), and (e) (Effective 12/1/07)

#### (c) Protecting a Person Subject to a Subpoena.

- (1) Avoiding Undue Burden or Expense; Sanctions. A party or attorney responsible for issuing and serving a subpoena must take reasonable steps to avoid imposing undue burden or expense on a person subject to the subpoena. The issuing court must enforce this duty and impose an appropriate sanction - which may include lost earnings and reasonable attorney's fees - on a party or attorney who fails to comply.
  - (2) Command to Produce Materials or Permit Inspection.
- (A) Appearance Not Required. A person commanded to produce documents, electronically stored information, or tangible things, or to permit the inspection of premises, need not appear in person at the place of production or inspection unless also commanded to appear for a deposition, hearing, or trial.
- (B) Objections. A person commanded to produce documents or tangible things or to permit inspection may serve on the party or attorney designated in the subpoena a written objection to inspecting, copying, testing or sampling any or all of the materials or to inspecting the premises — or to producing electronically stored information in the form or forms requested. The objection must be served before the earlier of the time specified for compliance or 14 days after the subpoena is served. If an objection is made, the following rules apply:
- (i) At any time, on notice to the commanded person, the serving party may move the issuing court for an order compelling production or inspection.
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- (A) When Required. On timely motion, the issuing court must quash or modify a subpoena that:
  - (i) fails to allow a reasonable time to comply;
- (ii) requires a person who is neither a party nor a party's officer to travel more than 100 miles from where that person resides, is employed, or regularly transacts business in person - except that, subject to Rule 45(c)(3)(B)(iii), the person may be commanded to attend a trial by traveling from any such place within the state where the trial is held;
- (iii) requires disclosure of privileged or other protected matter, if no exception or waiver applies; or
  - (iv) subjects a person to undue burden.
- (B) When Permitted. To protect a person subject to or affected by a subpoena, the issuing court may, on motion, quash or modify the subpoena if it requires:
- (i) disclosing a trade secret or other confidential research, development, or commercial information;
- (ii) disclosing an unretained expert's opinion or information that does not describe specific occurrences in dispute and results from the expert's study that was not requested by a party; or
- (iii) a person who is neither a party nor a party's officer to incur substantial expense to travel more than 100 miles to attend trial.
- (C) Specifying Conditions as an Alternative. In the circumstances described in Rule 45(c)(3)(B), the court may, instead of quashing or modifying a subpoena, order appearance or production under specified conditions if the serving party:
- (i) shows a substantial need for the testimony or material that cannot be otherwise met without undue hardship; and
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- (D) Inaccessible Electronically Stored Information. The person responding need not provide discovery of electronically stored information from sources that the person identifies as not reasonably accessible because of undue burden or cost. On motion to compel discovery or for a protective order, the person responding must show that the information is not reasonably accessible because of undue burden or cost. If that showing is made, the court may nonetheless order discovery from such sources if the requesting party shows good cause, considering the limitations of Rule 26(b)(2)(C). The court may specify conditions for the discovery.
- (2) Claiming Privilege or Protection.
- (A) Information Withheld. A person withholding subpoenaed information under a claim that it is privileged or subject to protection as trial-preparation material must:
  - (i) expressly make the claim; and
- (ii) describe the nature of the withheld documents, communications, or tangible things in a manner that, without revealing information itself privileged or protected, will enable the parties to assess the claim.
- (B) Information Produced. If information produced in response to a subpoena is subject to a claim of privilege or of protection as trialpreparation material, the person making the claim may notify any party that received the information of the claim and the basis for it. After being notified, a party must promptly return, sequester, or destroy the specified information and any copies it has; must not use or disclose the information until the claim is resolved; must take reasonable steps to retrieve the information if the party disclosed it before being notified; and may promptly present the information to the court under seal for a determination of the claim. The person who produced the information must preserve the information until the claim is resolved.
- (e) Contempt. The issuing court may hold in contempt a person who, having been served, fails without adequate excuse to obey the subpoena. A nonparty's failure to obey must be excused if the subpoena purports to require the nonparty to attend or produce at a place outside the limits of Rule 45(c)(3)(A)(ii).